Basic Financial Statements

And Management's Discussion and Analysis

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

Lafayette Center Community Improvement District Table of Contents December 31, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Lafayette Center Community Improvement District Manchester, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Independent Auditor's Report (Concluded)

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-5 and 13, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2021, on our consideration of the Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wade Stables P.C.

Wade Stables P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 2021 Hannibal, Missouri Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended December 31, 2020 by \$123,098. Of this amount, \$123,098 (unrestricted net position) could be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The assets of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended December 31, 2019 by 104,621. Of this amount, \$104,621 (unrestricted net position) could be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$18,477 for the year ended December 31, 2020. The primary reason for this is because the District received \$346,394 in total revenues and spent \$327,971 on total expenses.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$23,193 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The primary reason for this is because the District received \$410,467 in total revenues and spent \$433,660 on total expenses.
- The District did not issue any additional debt for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Using This Special Purpose Framework

The financial statements are presented on a basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, a basis of accounting other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). These statements include all assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions; a basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues collected and expenditures paid, but does not include capital assets, amounts due in the future from others, or liabilities payable from future revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's basic financial statements. The District's financial statements are comprised of two components, combined government-wide and fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Combined Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide and Fund financial statements are combined as allowed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for special purpose governments. As such, these combined statements show each major fund as well as the primary government as a whole.

Governmental Fund - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balance left at year-end that is available for spending. The funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting. This measurement focus reports on revenues received and expenditures paid during the period. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The Lafayette Center Community Improvement District internally maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented in the Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis, for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

The District as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's combined net position was \$123,098 as of December 31, 2020.

Table 1 Summary of Net Position at December 31, 2020 and 2019

	G	overnment	al A	ctivities
		2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	123,098	\$	104,621
Total Assets	\$	123,098	\$	104,621
Net position:				
Restricted	\$	-	\$	-
Unrestricted		123,098		104,621
Total Net Position	\$	123,098	\$	104,621

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

G	overnment	al A	ctivities
	2020		2019
\$	346,394	\$	310,467
	<u>-</u>		100,000
\$	346,394	\$	410,467
\$	7,296	\$	7,280
	78,760		132,721
	241,861		192,710
			100,949
\$	327,917	\$	433,660
\$	18,477	\$	(23, 193)
	104,621		127,814
\$	123,098	\$	104,621
	\$ \$	\$ 346,394 \$ 346,394 \$ 7,296 78,760 241,861 \$ 327,917 \$ 18,477 104,621	\$ 346,394 \$ \$ \$ \$ 346,394 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEBT

Property, Plant and Equipment

During the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had capital additions of \$0 and \$100,949, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

Debt

As of the year ended December 31, 2020, the District had \$2,653,040 in loans payable. The District made principal payments of \$241,861 and interest payments of \$78,760 during the year.

As of the year ended December 31, 2019, the District had \$2,894,901 in loans payable. The District made principal payments of \$192,710 and interest payments of \$132,721 during the year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

For the year ended December 31, 2020, actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$327,917, compared to the final budget amount of \$315,429. The \$12,488 negative variance was mainly the result of the District not budgeting enough for loan principal repayment and budgeting too much for interest expense.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, actual revenues on a budgetary basis were \$346,394, compared to the final budget amount of \$315,000. The \$31,394 positive variance was mainly the result of the District not budgeting enough for CID sales tax revenues.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Local, national and international economic factors influence the District's revenues. Positive economic growth correlates with increased revenues from property taxes. Economic growth in the local economy may be measured by a variety of indicators such as employment growth, unemployment, and new construction and assessed valuation. The District has prepared its budget for the next fiscal year considering the economic factors discussed above.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	J	General		Total			Statement	rent
Assets		Fund		Funds	Adjustments	ıts	of Net Position	sition
Cash and equivalents	. ↔	123,098	↔	123,098	€9	ij	\$	123,098
Total Assets	ь	123,098	↔	123,098		·Ï	8	123,098
Liabilities and Fund Balances / Net Position								
Fund Balance: Restricted for: Debt Service Capital Projects	↔	123 008 1 - 1	↔	100 100 1	\$ - 1	۰ ۱ ۵	↔	1 1
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	8	123,098	8	123,098	\$ (123,098)	: :	€	
Net Position: Restricted for: Debt Service Capital Projects Unrestricted					. 123,098	· · 8	↔	123,098
Total Net Position					\$ 123,098	8	\$	123,098

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and Statement of Activities - Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		General		Total			Sta	Statement
		Fund		Funds	Adjustments	ents	ofA	of Activities
Expenditures/Expenses:								
Administrative expenses	€>	6,000	↔	6,000	₩	ı	↔	000'9
Insurance expense		1,296		1,296		1		1,296
Loan principal repayment		241,861		241,861		1		241,861
Interest expense		78,760		78,760		1		78,760
Total Expenditures/Expenses	ઝ	327,917	ક્ક	327,917	ક્ક	1	ક	327,917
General Revenues:								
CID sales tax revenues	ક્ક	346,394	₩	346,394	ક્ક	•	\$	346,394
Total General Revenues	မှ	346,394	↔	346,394	↔		ક	346,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	€	18,477	69	18,477	↔	•	↔	18,477
Change in net position					72	18,477		18,477
Fund balance/net position:								
Beginning of Year		104,621		104,621		,		104,621
End of Year	\$	123,098	S	123,098	s	'	\$	123,098

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Pursuant to the Community Improvement District Act, Sections 67.1401 to 67.1571 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, as amended (the "CID Act"), the Lafayette Center Community Improvement District (the "District") was formed by Ordinance No. 16-2135 (the "Ordinance") of the City of Manchester, Missouri (the "City") on April 4, 2016.

The Ordinance provided that the District be established in accordance with the CID Act for the purpose of undertaking various CID project improvements identified in the Ordinance (the "Project") and financing the Project by providing revenues to repay eligible Project costs.

The Community Improvement Project is located in the City of Manchester, Missouri. The District adopted Resolutions Number 16-009 authorizing the District to impose the CID Sales Tax at a rate of one percent.

On April 4, 2016, the Board of Directors of the District approved and entered into a Development Agreement by and among the District, the City and Caplaco Six, Inc. (the "Developer"), and pursuant to the Development Agreement the District has incurred and will incur Reimbursable Project Costs and desires to pay and finance those costs by the issuance of District Obligations.

The purpose of the District is to enhance and transform the public appearance of the Project area and eliminate blight conditions, providing assistance to or constructing, reconstructing, installing, repairing, and maintain improvements as part of the Project, providing services and activities within the District's boundaries associated with the Project, and imposing funding mechanisms to finance and administer those improvements and services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Special-purpose governments engaged in a single governmental program and having no component units may present financial statements as combining fund financial statements with government-wide statements. This is illustrated on the Statements of Net Position and Governmental funds Balance Sheet - Cash Basis and Statements of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The fund statements are also presented on a cash basis of accounting. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A) BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONCLUDED)

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The District's primary operating fund, which accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the District except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

B) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Government-wide financial statements and Fund Financial Statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, a special purpose framework. Under the cash basis, revenues are recognized when received rather when earned and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed rather when the obligation is incurred.

C) BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) In accordance with Section 67 of the Missouri Revised Statutes, the budget officer, as designated by the District, prepares and adopts an annual budget which represents the complete financial plan for the ensuing budget year. The budget includes at least the following information:
 - a) A budget message describing the important features of the budget and major changes from the preceding year;
 - b) Estimated revenues to be collected from all sources for the budget year, with a comparative statement of actual or estimated revenues for the two years next preceding, itemized by year, fund, activity and object;
 - c) The amount required for the payment of interest, amortization, and redemption charges on the debt of the District;
 - d) A general budget summary.
- 2) In no event shall the total proposed expenditures from any fund exceed the estimated revenues to be received plus any unencumbered balance or less any deficit estimated for the beginning of the budget year.
- 3) The District may revise, alter, increase or decrease the items in the proposed budget, subject to such limitations as may be provided by law provided, that in no event, shall the total authorized expenditures from any fund exceed the estimated revenues to be received plus any unencumbered balance or less any deficit estimated for the beginning of the budget year.
- 4) The District shall, before the beginning of the fiscal year, approve the budget and approve or adopt such orders, motions, resolutions or ordinances as may be required to authorize the budgeted expenditures and produce the revenues in the budget.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONCLUDED)

5) After the District has approved the budget and approved or adopted the orders, motions, resolutions or ordinances required to authorize the expenditures proposed in the budget, the District shall not increase the total amount authorized for expenditure from any fund, unless the District Board adopts a resolution setting forth the facts and reasons making the increase necessary and approves or adopts an order, motion resolution or ordinance to authorize the expenditures.

The 2020 budget was approved at the 2019 regularly scheduled Board of Directors' meetings. The District did not hold any meetings in 2020, in violation of Missouri Statutes which require an annual meeting. Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by fund on a basis consistent with the cash basis of accounting for the major individual governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

D) CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, the government-wide and fund financial statements report capital asset additions as expenditures when cash is expended and debt proceeds are shown as other financing sources when cash is received. Debt principal payments are shown as expenditures when payments are made. Capital assets and long term liabilities are not maintained on these financial statements but long term debt is disclosed later in these notes to the financial statements.

E) FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by laws or regulations of the government. All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" are reported as unrestricted net position. It is the District's policy to expend restricted resources first if the restrictions are met.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable- This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not have any nonspendable fund balance as of December 31, 2020.

Restricted- This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District did not have any restricted fund balances as of December 31, 2020.

Committed- This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District had no committed resources as of December 31, 2020.

Assigned- This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the District Board through budgetary process. The District had no assigned resources as of December 31, 2020.

Unassigned- All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

E) FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION (CONCLUDED)

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

2) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District complies with various restrictions on deposits and investments, which are imposed by the state statutes as follows:

<u>Deposits</u> - All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount at least equal to uninsured deposits.

<u>Investments</u> - The District may invest in bonds of the State of Missouri or any wholly owned corporation of the United States; or in other short-term obligations of the United States.

Cash of the District at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Deposits

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$123,098 and the bank balance was \$123,098. The bank balance in the Sales Tax Trust Fund was \$123,098 at year end. Any balance maintained in this account would be covered by federal depository insurance up to \$250,000.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. State statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The District does not have an additional custodial credit risk policy.

Investments

There were no investments at December 31, 2020.

3) COMMITMENTS

On April 4, 2016, the Board of Directors of the District approved and entered into a Development Agreement by and among the District, the City and Caplaco Six, Inc. (the "Developer"), and pursuant to the Development Agreement the District has incurred and will incur Reimbursable Project Costs and desires to pay and finance those costs by the issuance of District Obligations.

4) LITIGATION

At December 31, 2020, there were no claims or lawsuits pending against the District.

5) TAXES

The District has imposed a sales tax pursuant to the CID Act at a rate of one percent (1.0%) effective October 1, 2016 on all retail sales made in the District which are subject to taxation pursuant to provisions of Sections 144.010 to 144.525m RSMo, with certain exceptions listed in the Act.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

6) LONG-TERM DEBT

On August 9, 2017, the District entered into a loan agreement with Commerce Bank in the maximum aggregate principal amount of \$4,500,000 on a promissory note. The purpose of which shall be (i) the repayment of the construction loan incurred for some of the Reimbursable Project Costs, (ii) the payment of other Reimbursable Project Costs not paid by proceeds of such construction loan, and (iii) long term financing of the District Project, in accordance with the Loan Agreement. The stated interest rate on the Promissory Note is 3.59% and is scheduled to mature on August 14, 2022.

At the year ended December 31, 2020 the balance of the Promissory Note was \$2,653,040. There was \$2,823 in interest past due as of December 31, 2020. In 2020, the District paid \$78,760 in interest expense. The District does not prepare an amortization schedule for debt as principal payments are made based on revenues available to the District.

Note payable, January 1, 2020	\$ 2,894,901
Notes issued	_
Notes retired	 (241,861)
Note payable, December 31, 2020	\$ 2,653,040

6) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

These financial statements considered subsequent events through June 28, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

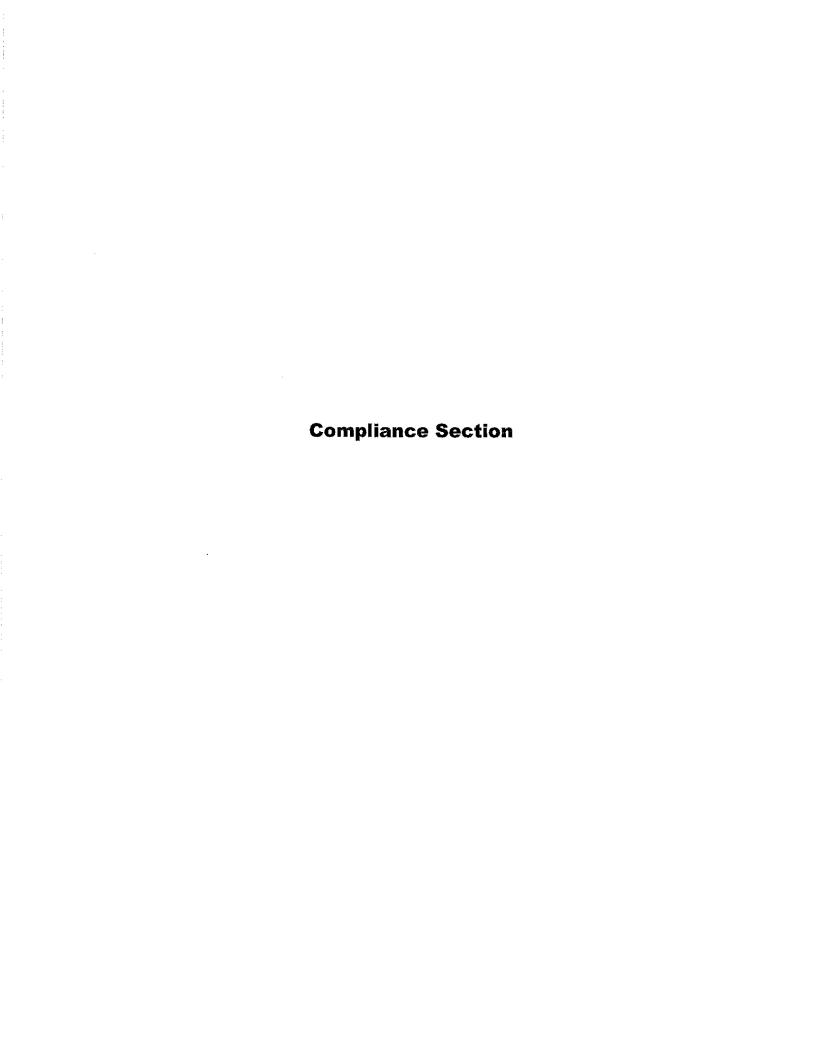
On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on CID Sales Tax Revenues is difficult to determine at this point. The District cannot predict (a) the duration or extent of the COVID-19 pandemic; (b) the duration or expansion of related business closings, public health orders, regulations and legislation; (c) what effect the COVID-19 pandemic will continue to have on global, national, and local economies; (d) whether recent job losses resulting from COVID-19-related business closures will be temporary or permanent and what effect such losses will have on consumer confidence; or (e) the impact the COVID-19 pandemic will have on CID Sales Tax Revenues available for appropriation by the District. Developments regarding COVID-19 continue to occur on a daily basis and the extent to which COVID-19 will impact the CID Sales Tax Revenues in the future is highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

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Statement of Revenues Collected and Expenditures Paid - General Fund - Budget and Actual - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	m ·	Budgeted Amount	a ~	Budgeted Amount			×ü	Variance - Favorable
		Original		Final		Actual	U)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues: CID sales tax revenues	↔	315,000	s	315,000	€	346,394	છ	31,394
Total Revenues	₩	315,000	ક્ક	315,000	↔	346,394	↔	31,394
Expenditures:								
Administrative expenses		000'9		6,000		000'9		1
Legal and professional fees		4,000		4,000		\$		4,000
Insurance expense		1,280		1,280		1,296		(16)
Loan principal repayment		173,557		173,557		241,861		(68,304)
Interest expense		130,592		130,592		78,760		51,832
Total Expenditures	ઝ	315,429	မာ	315,429	↔	327,917	↔	(12,488)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	&	(429)	↔	(429)	↔	18,477	↔	18,906
Fund Balances - at beginning of the year				104,621	-	104,621		
Fund Balances - at end of the year			es.	104,192	(123,098		





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors
Lafayette Center Community Improvement District
Manchester, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies (Finding 2020-01).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* (Concluded)

tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items (Finding 2020-01).

Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's Responses to Findings

Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Lafayette Center Community Improvement District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wade Stables P.C.

Wade Stables P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 2021 Hannibal, Missouri

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Finding 2020-01 No Meeting Held During Fiscal Year:

Condition:

The District did not hold any meetings during the fiscal year.

Reason Improvement Needed:

Pursuant to Missouri Statutes an annual meeting is required.

Recommendation:

This finding appears to be an inadvertent oversight for the District; and, therefore does not appear to be a systematic problem, but just an isolated instance of noncompliance. Our recommendation is to hold a meeting as soon as possible.

Response:

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we were unable to convene a majority of the Board to hold an annual meeting. The District plans to hold a meeting as soon as possible.